Pretrial Fairness Act (PFA) Weekly Dashboard

September 18, 2023 – August 30, 2025

The Pretrial Fairness Act (PFA) Dashboard is a cumulative summary of initial decision points for criminal cases filed in the Circuit Court of Cook County since the Pretrial Fairness Act took effect on September 18, 2023. While the dashboard presents data, it should not be considered an analysis of the effectiveness of the Pretrial Fairness Act compared to the criminal justice system prior to the Act.

Data sources are: administrative data from the Enterprise Justice Case Management System (CMS) maintained by the Clerk of the Circuit Court; Public Safety Assessments; assignments to and weekly caseloads for pretrial supervision, Home Confinement Unit (HCU) – Curfew Program, and the Domestic Violence Exclusion Zone Program all collected and maintained by Adult Probation's Pretrial Services Unit and the Social Services Department; and publicly available information on the daily jail and Sheriff's electronic monitoring program. Summary data for the dashboard are compiled by staff from the Office of the Chief Judge.¹

The dashboard reports:

- The volume and top charge composition of criminal misdemeanor, domestic violence, and felony cases filed since the PFA effective date.
- Three major pretrial decision points:
 - law enforcement's decision to release with a citation or hold for first appearance,
 - the Cook County State's Attorney Office (SAO) decision to file a petition to detain for cases in which there is a detention eligible charge, and
 - the Court's decision to grant or deny the state's petitions to detain.²
- Two measures for individuals released during their pretrial period:
 - Court Appearance Rates and
 - Community Safety Rates
- Adult Probation Department Pretrial Services and Social Services Department activity:
 - Number of completed Public Safety Assessments and
 - Pretrial Services caseload dynamics
- Changes in the Cook County Sheriff's custodial population.

¹ Each week, OCJ rebuilds cumulative numbers with the addition of a new week of data. However, all differences in the cumulative data in Tables 1 through 4 and Figures 1A through 7 from the current week and the prior week will not be due entirely to case activities that occurred in the new week. Lag in data entry will account for a small portion of this difference. Improvements in the programming that processes Clerk data will also account for some week over week differences in new filings, top offense, and other dashboard measures.

² Formally, detention eligible charges are those in 725 ILCS 5/110-6.1 Sections (a)(1) non-probationable felony based on charge/background; (a) (1.5) forcible felony; (a)(2) stalking; (a)(3) violation of a protective order; (a)(4) domestic battery/aggravated domestic battery/aggr

Table 1 shows the composition of all criminal cases filed since PFA effective date.

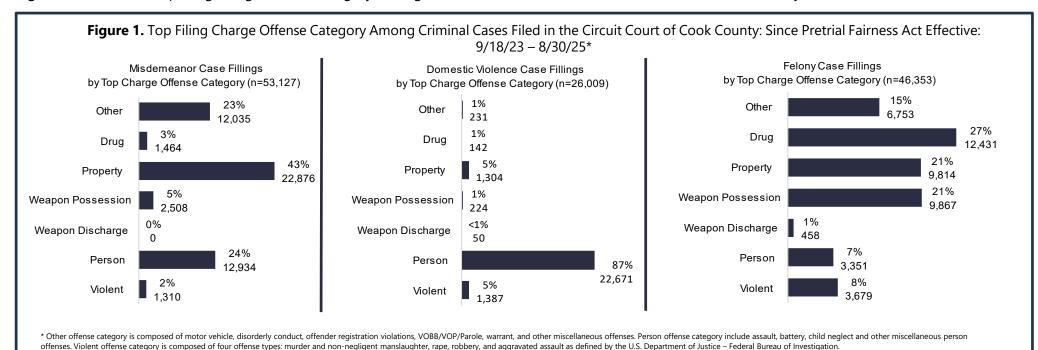
- To date, 125,489 criminal cases have been filed and recorded in the Enterprise Justice CMS. 42% of all filings had a top charge of misdemeanor/other, 21% were domestic violence cases, and 37% were felony cases.
- The first appearance hearing for 60% (74,970) of criminal cases was in District One, 14% (17,483) were in the Domestic Violence Division, and the remaining 26% (33,036) were in Districts Two through Six.

Table 1. Criminal Cases Filed in the Circuit Court of Cook County Since the Pretrial Fairness Act Effective Date by First Appearance Location and Top Filing Charge Level: 9/18/2023 – 8/30/25

		Top Filing Charge Level									
First Appearance Hearing	Cases	Misd./	Other**	Dom. Vid	olence***	Felony					
Location*	Filed	Row Count	Row Percent	Row Count	Row Percent	Row Count	Row Percent				
District One	74,970	35,574	47%	8,106	11%	31,290	42%				
Domestic Violence Division	17,483	204	1%	17,197	98%	82	<1%				
District Two	4,392	1,838	42%	23	1%	2,531	58%				
District Three	5,732	2,830	49%	151	3%	2,751	48%				
District Four	7,258	3,717	51%	70	1%	3,471	48%				
District Five	7,496	4,269	57%	196	3%	3,031	40%				
District Six	8,158	4,695	58%	266	3%	3,197	39%				
Total by Top Filing Charge	125,489	53,127	42%	26,009	21%	46,353	37%				

^{*} First appearances on weekends and holiday weekdays are conducted in the Leighton Criminal Courthouse.

Figure 1 summarizes top filing charge offense category among the criminal cases filed in the Circuit Court of Cook County since the PFA effective date.



^{**} In most instances, 'other' charges are misdemeanors or less often felonies with insufficient information to permit algorithmic classification. Manual classification of these charges is not feasible.

^{***} Domestic violence cases have a 'DV' case type designation and are criminal actions that involve a relationship defined by the Illinois Domestic Violence Act Domestic violence cases are Class 1, 2, and 3 felonies through preliminary hearing, class 4 felonies, and misdemeanors. Of 26,009 cases with this designation, 1,619 (6%) were felonies, 24,237 (93%) were misdemeanors, and 153 (1%) were unknown class.

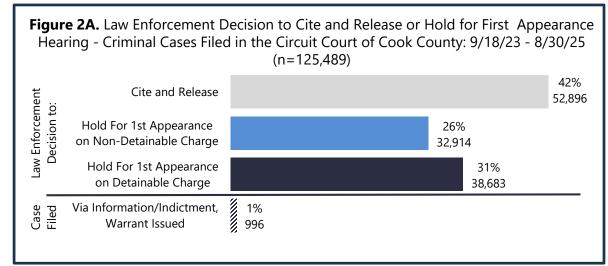
Decision Point 1: Law Enforcement Decision to Cite and Release or to Hold for First Appearance Hearing

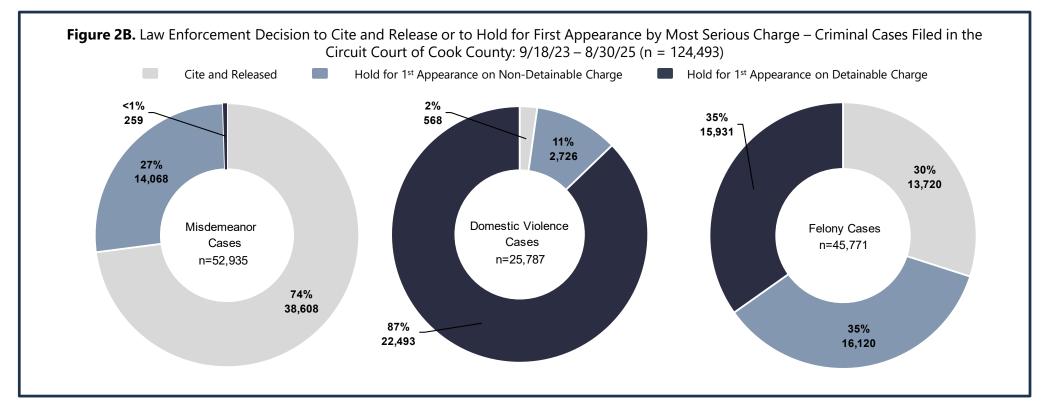
Figure 2A summarizes outcomes at the first PFA decision point (decision by law enforcement to cite and release or to hold for first appearance hearing) for

criminal cases filed since the PFA effective date.

Among criminal cases filed in the Circuit Court of Cook County since the PFA effective date:

- 42% of the cases were cited and released by law enforcement.
- 57% of cases were held by law enforcement for a first appearance hearing:
 - 26% of cases were held on a non-detainable charge.
 - 31% of cases were held on a detainable charge.
- 1% of cases were initiated via information or indictment.
 These cases are not included in Figure 2B.





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Figure 3 summarizes outcomes for criminal cases that were held for a first appearance hearing by law enforcement in the Circuit Court of Cook County since PFA effective date:

• 46% of the cases held by law enforcement had only nondetention eligible charges, and these cases were released with conditions at the first appearance hearing.

Petitions for Detention Filed by Cook County SAO

Among the 38,683 criminal cases held for a first appearance hearing with a detention eligible charge.

- 62% did not have a petition for detention filed by the Cook County SAO and were released with conditions at the first appearance hearing.
- 38% of cases had a petition for detention filed by the Cook County SAO and moved directly to a detention hearing.

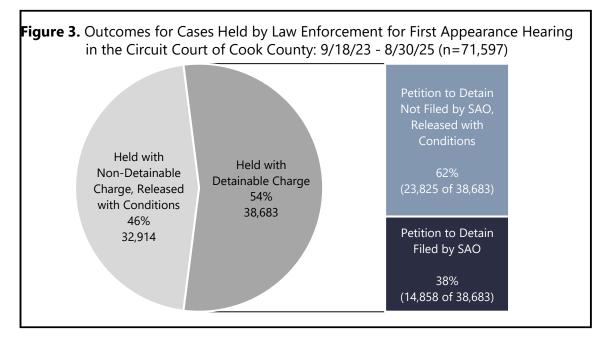


Table 2 summarizes the frequency with which the Cook County SAO filed a verified petition for detention, by most serous filing charge, for cases held for a first appearance hearing and that had a detention-eligible charge. For these cases:

- 26% of the misdemeanor cases had a petition for detention filed.
- 59% of the felony cases had a petition for detention filed.
- 24% of the domestic violence cases had a petition for detention filed.

Table 2. Outcomes for Cases Held by Law Enforcement for First Appearance Hearing in the Circuit Court of Cook County by Most Serious Charge: 9/18/23 - 8/30/25

Hold by Law Enforcement for First Annearance Hearing	Misd./C	Other	Dom. Violence		Felony		Overall	
Held by Law Enforcement for First Appearance Hearing	Column Count	Column Percent	Column Count	Column Percent	Column Count	Column Percent	Column Count	Column Percent
 Held with Non-Detainable Charge, Released w/Conditions 	14,068	98%	2,726	11%	16,120	50%	32,914	46%
Held with Detainable Charge	259	2%	22,493	89%	15,931	50%	38,683	54%
Total Held for First Appearance Hearing	14,327	100%	25,219	100%	32,051	100%	71,597	100%
SAO Decision to File a Petition for Detention	Column Count	Column Percent	Column Count	Column Percent	Column Count	Column Percent	Column Count	Column Percent
Petition to Detain Filed by SAO	68	26%	5,469	24%	9,321	59%	14,858	38%
Petition to Detain Not Filed by SAO	191	74%	17,024	76%	6,610	41%	23,825	62%
Total Held with a Detainable Charge	259	100%	22,493	100%	15,931	100%	38,683	100%

Figure 4A summarizes detention hearing outcomes for cases that had a verified petition for detention filed by the SAO at the first appearance hearing.

 Three out of five (61%) detention petitions filed at first appearance were granted and defendant was held in custody.

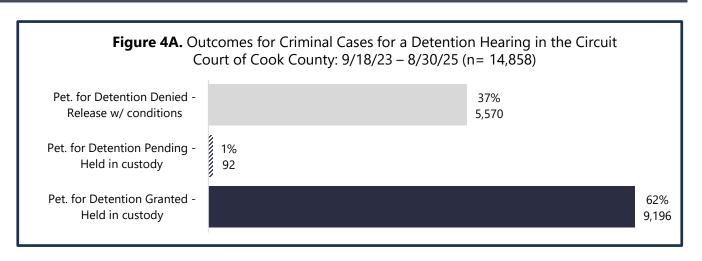
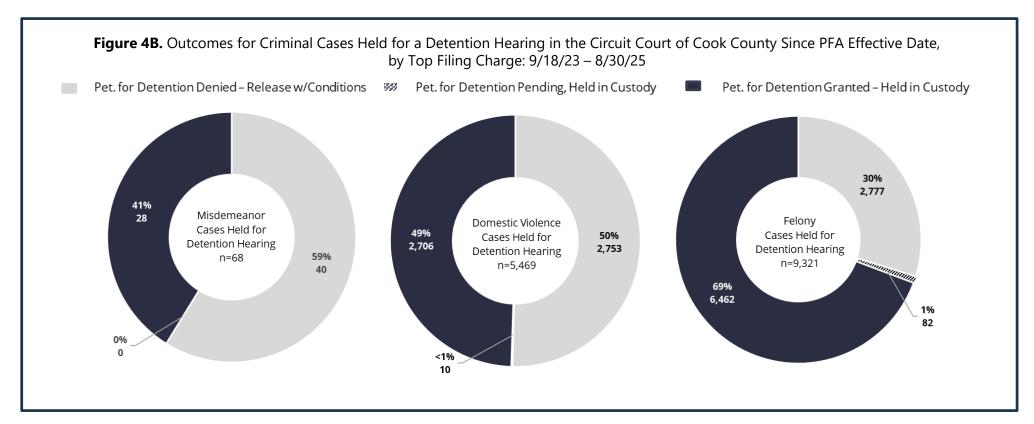


Figure 4B summarizes outcomes for cases held by a petition for a detention hearing filed by the SAO, by top filing charge.



Court Appearance Rate Among Criminal Cases Filed and Released Pretrial Since PFA Effective Date

Figure 5 depicts the preliminary court appearance rate for defendants on pretrial release since the PFA effective date.³

Of the 115,205 criminal defendants on pretrial release, a subset of 114,080 defendants with an initial hearing scheduled on or before August 30, 2025 was used to calculate the court appearance rate in Figure 5 and Table 3.

- 87% of criminal defendants have not had a warrant for failure to appear issued for non- appearance at scheduled court date.
- 13% of criminal defendants have missed a scheduled hearing date and the court has issued a warrant for failure to appear.⁴

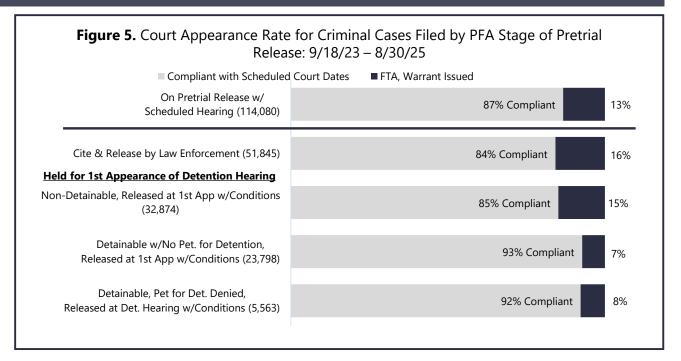


Table 3 summarizes court appearance rate by stage at which defendant was released pretrial and top filing charge.

Table 3. Court Appearance Rate for Defendants with a Case Filed and Released Pretrial with an Initial Hearing Scheduled on or Before 8/30/25

Misd./Other		Dom. Violence			Felony			Overall				
Pretrial Release via:	Total Pretrial	Court Appearance Rate		Total Pretrial	Court Appearance	Rate	Total Pretrial	Court Appearance		Total Pretrial	etrial Appearance	
	Release	Number	Rate	Release	Number	Rate	Release	Number	Rate	Release	Number	Rate
■ Cite & Release by Law Enforcement	37,675	32,395	86%	567	516	91%	13,603	10,761	79%	51,845	43,672	84%
Held for First Appearance or Detention Hearing												
■ Non-Detainable, Released at 1st App. w/Conditions	14,044	12,588	90%	2,726	2,530	93%	16,104	12,887	80%	32,874	28,005	85%
 Detainable w/No Pet. for Det. Released at 1st App w/Conditions 	191	181	95%	17,006	16,061	94%	6,601	5,838	88%	23,798	22,080	93%
 Detainable, Pet for Det. Denied, Released at Det. Hearing w/Conditions 	40	38	95%	2,750	2,576	94%	2,773	2,519	91%	5,563	5,133	92%
Total on Pretrial Release with an Initial Hearing Scheduled Date	51,950	45,202	87%	23,049	21,683	94%	39,081	32,005	82%	114,080	98,890	87%

³ Consistent with 725 ILCS 5/110-3, a warrant not quashed on the date of issuance that is in response to a non-appearance is considered a failure to appear.

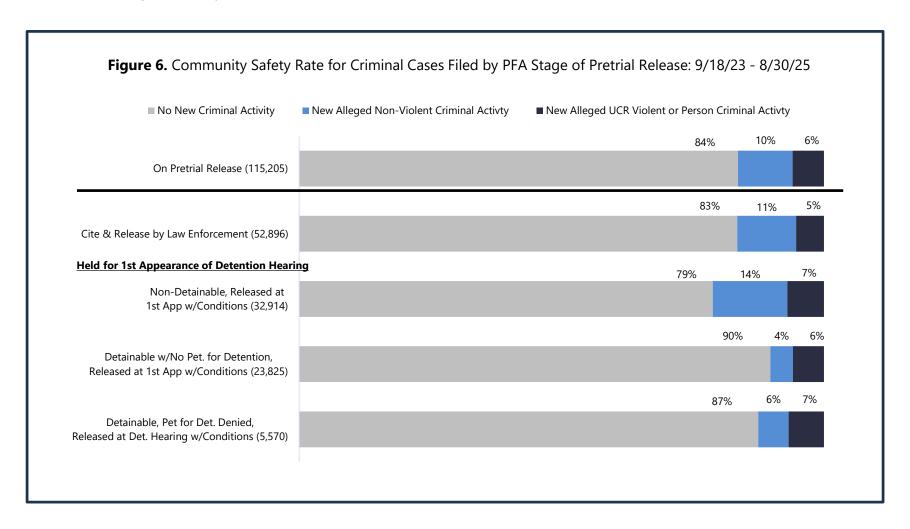
⁴ This is a point-in- time measure that does not adjust for defendants' time on pretrial release. The rate of missing a scheduled hearing date may increase with the length of time that defendants remain in the community prior to case disposition.

Community Safety Rate Among Criminal Cases Filed and Released Pretrial Since PFA Effective Date

Figure 6 depicts the community safety rate for defendants on pretrial release since the PFA effective date.

From the PFA effective date to August 30, 2025:

- 84% of criminal defendants have not been charged with a new misdemeanor or felony offense while on pretrial release.⁵
- 94% have not been charged with any new violent or person crimes while on pretrial release.



⁵ This is a point in time measure that does not adjust for defendants' time on pretrial release. OCJ uses case filing date as the new criminal activity date. The rate of new criminal activity may increase with the length of time that defendants remain in the community prior to case disposition.

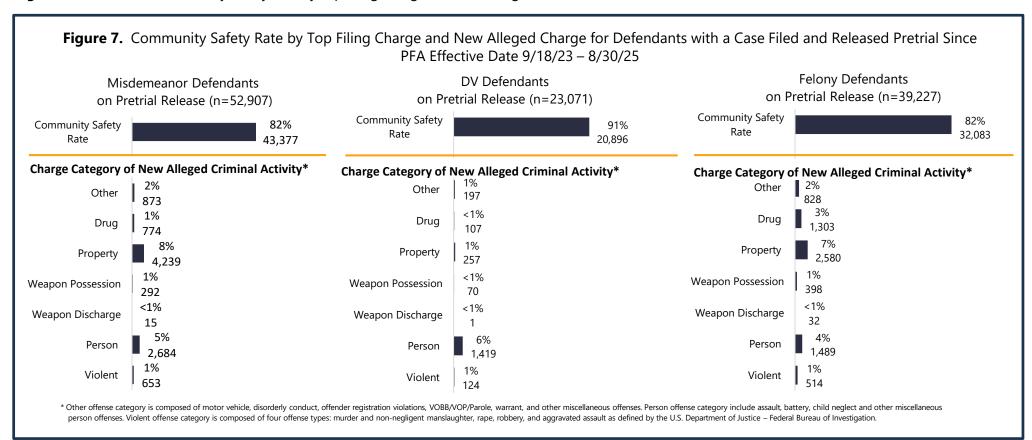
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Table 4 summarizes community safety rate by stage at which defendant was released pretrial and top filing charge.

Table 4. Community Safety Rate for Defendants with a Case Filed and Released Pretrial 9/18/24 – 8/30/25

	Misd./Other		Dom. Violence			Felony			Overall			
Pretrial Release via:	Total Pretrial	Comm Safety	Rate	Total Pretrial	Comm Safety	Rate	Total Pretrial	Comm Safety	Raté	Total Pretrial	Comm Safety	Rate
	Release	Number	Rate	Release	Number	Rate	Release	Number	Rate	Release	Number	Rate
Cite & Release by Law Enforcement	38,608	32,045	83%	568	495	87%	13,720	11,613	85%	52,896	44,153	83%
Held for First Appearance Hearing												
 Non-Detainable, Released at 1st App. w/Conditions 	14,068	11,146	79%	2,726	2,379	87%	16,120	12,415	77%	32,914	25,940	79%
■ Detainable w/No Pet. for Det. Released at 1st App w/Conditions	191	160	84%	17,024	15,586	92%	6,610	5,645	85%	23,825	21,391	90%
 Detainable, Pet for Det. Denied, Released at Det. Hearing w/Conditions 	40	26	65%	2,753	2,436	88%	2,777	2,410	87%	5,570	4,872	87%
Total on Pretrial Release with an Initial Hearing Scheduled Date	52,907	43,377	82%	23,071	20,896	91%	39,227	32,083	82%	115,205	96,356	84%

Figure 7 summarizes community safety rate by top filing charge and new alleged crime.



Adult Probation Department (APD) Pretrial Services Since PFA Effective Date

In Cook County, Pretrial Services completes Public Safety Assessments (PSA) and monitors defendants ordered to pretrial supervision, which includes two separate electronic monitoring programs operated by APD's Home Confinement Unit (HCU) - the Curfew Program and the Domestic Violence (DV) Exclusion Zone Program.⁶

Figure 8 provides a cumulative count of the number of PSAs that have been completed since the PFA effective date.

Table 5 shows the cumulative population dynamics and the percent change in the pretrial services population since the PFA effective date.⁷

The overall pretrial services population **increased 78%** from 6,432 on September 17, 2023 to 11,437 on August 30, 2025.

- The supervision only population increased 81%
- The daily HCU Curfew population increased 103%
- The daily HCU DV Exclusion Zone population increased 26%.



Table 5. Pretrial Services Population Dynamics Since the PFA Effective Date

Pretrial Services Population By Type	Population on 9/17/23	Placed on PT	Exits from PT	Population on 8/16/25	Percent Change
Overall Population	6,432	42,994	37,989	11,437	↑78%
 Pretrial Supervision Only 	4,716	33,993	30,155	8,554	↑81%
 HCU Curfew Program 	934	7,562	6,601	1,895	103%
 HCU DV Exclusion Zone 	782	1,439	1,233	988	↑26%

Cook County Jail Population Change Since PFA Effective Date

Table 6 provides the percentage change in the population under the custody of the Sheriff since the PFA effective date.

Since PFA effective date, the number of defendants in Sheriff's custody has **decreased 6**% from 7,265 on September 17, 2023 to 6,665 on August 30, 2025.

- The jail's daily confined population on the two snapshot days increased by 8% from 5,419 to 5,848.
- The Sheriff's Community Corrections (Electronic Monitoring) population decreased 56% from 1,846 to 817.

Table 6. Percent Change in the Population Under the Custody of the Sheriff's Office Since the PFA Effective Date

Population Type	Under Cu Sherif	Percent Change	
	9/17/23	8/30/25	Change
Total Under Sheriff Custody	7,265	6,665	¹8%
 Confined Population 	5,419	5,848	↑7%
 Community Corrections (Sheriff's EM) 	1,846	817	[↓] 56%

⁶ The Adult Probation Department's Home Confinement Unit (HCU) operates two separate electronic monitoring programs for two distinct populations, the Curfew Program and the Domestic Violence Exclusion Zone Program (previously known as the HCU Bischof Program). Neither system is superior to the other, but they are appropriate for different purposes. The Curfew program uses both radio frequency ("RF") and Global Positioning Systems ("GPS") technology to monitor and enforce curfews that are a condition of release or probation. The DV Exclusion Zone program operates under the authority of the Cindy Bischof Law, and is designed to provide a layer of protection for victims of certain domestic violence offenses. This program uses a GPS ankle bracelet to continuously monitor the defendant's whereabouts.

⁷ Each week, OCJ adds new program data to the cumulative counts in Table 4. However, all differences in the cumulative data between the current week and prior weeks are not due entirely to new activity. Delays in entry and corrections to GPS and Curfew activation data contribute to these differences. Some small fraction of the pretrial population will be on warrant status.